

<b>IS8055556: Data and Computer Communications</b> <b>Semester 2 5786</b> <b>Lecturer: Michael J. May</b>	<b>Recitation 6</b> <b>26 May 2026</b> <b>Tel Hai College</b>
---	---

## Ethernet

### 1 Ethernet Capture

Let A and B be two stations attempting to transmit on an Ethernet. Each has a steady queue of frames ready to send; A's frames will be numbered  $A_1, A_2$ , and so on, and B's similarly. Let  $T = 51.2\mu\text{s}$  be the exponential backoff base unit. Suppose A and B simultaneously attempt to send frame 1, collide, and happen to choose backoff times of  $0 \times T$  and  $1 \times T$ , respectively, meaning A wins the race and transmits  $A_1$  while B waits. At the end of this transmission, B will attempt to retransmit  $B_1$  while A will attempt to transmit  $A_2$ . These first attempts will collide, but now A backs off for either  $0 \times T$  or  $1 \times T$ , while B backs off for time equal to one of  $0 \times T, \dots, 3 \times T$ .

- Give the probability that A wins this second backoff race immediately after this first collision; that is, A's first choice of backoff time  $k \times 51.2$  is less than B's.
- Suppose A wins this second backoff race. A transmits  $A_3$ , and when it is finished, A and B collide again as A tries to transmit  $A_4$  and B tries once more to transmit  $B_1$ . Give the probability that A wins this third backoff race immediately after the first collision.
- Give a reasonable lower bound for the probability that A wins all the remaining backoff races.
- What then happens to the frame  $B_1$ ?

This scenario is known as the *Ethernet capture* effect.